Why Dancers Are So Dangerous Science Explains Their Fascination by Their Power to Awaken Primitive hold than the light purse or even the light head.

Ida Rubinstein, Who Won Gabriele d'Annunzio's Devoted Friendship from the Incomparable Duse. (And Above) Gaby Deslys, Who Kicked Over Portugal's Throne with the Toe of Her Pink Satin Slipper.

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The Distinguished Psychologist.

ECENTLY the names of dancers in increasing numbers have appeared in cases of divorce and love alienation. The frequency of suit of Mrs. Charles Glipin, Jr., so the phenomenon led to a statistical inquiry, with the surprising being drawn for a painful time into ry that dancers are, as a class, fully 20 per cent ahead of any the vortex of trouble in one of the discovery that dancers are, as a class, fully 20 per cent ahead of any other class in furnishing domestic and undomestic upheavals.

The question of why this is so has been raised, and its answer furnishes one of the most interesting explanations of modern psychology.

Many enthent psychologists believe that the dance is not only the oldest religious rite, but the oldest form of amusement, and the oldest form of menta; simulation known. These scientists hold that when a man her husband, Julian Mitchell, she was still in the cave age he was heavy witted, brutish, with only a rudi- points to the brunette dancer as the mentary in agination. To enable him to advance, to plan conquests, both reason. Nor has Anna Held been of other men and of nature, stimulation of his imagination was necessary.

Lillian Lorraine as the villainess of her sad story of ties that were first the wine could be an ahead was the one who won.

Just, they argue, as at a certain stage of childhood a girl develops grievously tangled, then sundered. imagination faster than a boy, so in the childhood of man, woman outpped him in the same development.

With this development of imagination came natural mimicry. Woman tated the natural things about her, and she did it in the form of danged her bushand arous form his tripped him in the same development.

nitated the natural things about her, and she did it in the form of dance danced her husband away from his g, which is unquestionably the most natural form of emotional ex-

The shaggy cave chieftain, sitting beside the fire of his clan, watched ese primitive gyrations, and from them received a spark which kindled is singgish imagination. So stimulated, he was able to plan primitive onquests and carry them out. The dancing had broadened his horizon. fe recognized this, and so in that dim age the dancers' presents were the cichest furs, the finest ornaments, the best food, and oftentimes the sacridee of prisoners.

Through scores of centuries the dance held its supremacy and the

Jancer was the only key o lands of imagination rom which mankind rew power and inth his development ther factors to stimuite man's mind. But e habit of the ages ad given the dancer a ower over man's sub onsciousness that she till retains to-day here was a sound sychological reason for he gift of John the head

And the man of toay who sacrifices ome, family or throne ) the dancer is simply wept away by primihave persisted in him for thousands of years.

So reason a school of psychologists not to be taken lightly. 1. however, do not agree with them

upon all points.
In the case of the professional dancer we certainly have to do with a type that is destined to prove more or less of a temptation to susceptible males. In the first place, she is danger-ous because of her surpassing beauty of face and figure. Without these assets she is not akely to qualify in the professional class. In the next place, the choice of this form of entertainment is in itself indicative of a nature that is ready to disregard the conventions. In

La Fornarina, Who Was Politely Bowed Out of Spain Because of King Alfonso's Roving Eye. making this assertion it must, of course, be understood that we are making due exception of those women of strong personality who have done so much to elevate the art of dancing. The reference here is to the other kind—those who cause trouble. The former uses her art to win admiration for her art. The latter develops her art to attract attention to and

admiration for herself.

Given a woman of this type on the stage and a susceptible person before the footlights, and we have the necessary elements of a domestic disturbance. The determining factor—the flame to the powder—is supplied by the dance itself. For whatever of beauty and artistic effect may be claimed for the dance in its most highly developed form, the fact is that its ultimate appeal is to the fundamental instincts.

This assertion may seem to be rather extreme to those who are familiar with the dance only in its modern form—before the advent of the turkey trot, bunny hug and tango. These most recent developments, in the opinion of many, give some color to the statement, but to realize its full signifi-cance it is necessary to study the dance as it is practised among savage peoples of the present day. For these people typify the primitive practises and customs of nations that are now civilized, and it is a fact that some, at least, of the objectional dances recently introduced are revivals of the

cruder forms of earlier days. Havelock Ellis, who cites dozens of examples from primitive customs.

makes this interesting comment on the subject:
"As the highest and most complex form of muscular movement, it is the most potent method of obtaining the excitement muscular movement yields. Among savages this use of dancing works harmoniously with the various other uses which dancing possessed in primitive times, and which caused it to occupy so large and vital a part in savage life that it may possibly even affect the organism to such an extent as to mold the bones. As civilization advances, the other uses of dancing may fall away, but the art still remains a stimulant."

If the theory of the dance here given be true, it follows that the professional dancer who regularly gives herself up to its influence must be rendered particularly susceptible to the advances of her admirers. And the admirers, in turn, are scarcely less susceptible.

rent in twain because Thomas R. Williams, Jr., has married Mme. De Beau, a charming dancer of Valeska Surratt's company, gives point to the psychologist's statement that dancers are natural disturbers of the family peace. They make more trouble in families than does any other class of women. The light toe creates more trouble in the house-

"When a dancer isn't breaking up someone's else family she kicks her own into splinters," said a bitter old cynic of Broadway. When a man disputed his statement the cynic recalled Nance Gwynn of the four husbands and who lives in anticipation of seven, because a fortune teller told her she would have that number of spouses. Miss Gwynn was oldest families in Philadelphia, While dancer Bessie Clayton has never taken her troubles into the courts she is by no means reticent about part dancer Louise Alexander has played in the shattering of her domestic idols. Living apart from

hearthside, had all but kidnapped him, had indeed spirited him away albeit with his connivance, to European shores. The judge was so sorry for Mrs. Tearle and so indignant with Roberta Menges that he granted Mrs. Tearle the divorce she craved.

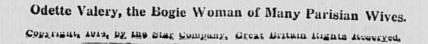
Duse the compelling, the most marvellous of living actresses, lost the interest and it was believed the heart of Gabriele d'Annunzio, greatest of living Italian authors, to a sinuous enchantress. Ida Rubinstein once premiere danseuse of the Russian ballet at the Grand Opera House of Paris.

The dancer Saharet proposes to marry her partner, Senor Florido, as soon as the male dancer disentangles himself from previous matrimonial bonds. Herr Frantzius, her husband. not waiting for this lightening of Florido's conjugal burden, named his wife's dancing partner in a successful suit for divorce. Herr Frantzius fell in love with the dancer's portrait and fell out of love with her temperament, which he said was made up of one hundred parts of volatility.

named in Mrs. Richard Harding Davis's suit for divorce. But no one has denied that her friendship of two years for the novelist widened the breach that existed between the author and his artist-wife. When the divorce was accomplished Miss Me-Coy became the second Mrs. Davis, Odette Valery, who stirred the ad miration of Oscar Hammerstein, her

impresario, by the romantic record of twenty-eight love affairs in one year, was the bogie wo-man to many un-happy Parisiennes. Never did the duskyhaired charmer with the alluring black eyes fail to inject a thorn into a matri-monial situation when she chose. Since misfortune has overtaken her and she is destitute in





THE fact that the family of memories in the bosoms of many Thomas R. Williams, Jr., is wives in the huge city of laughter. Many a vaguely jealous wife has been disturbed by the flutter of Mile. Dazle's ballet skirt and by the flash of her pink satin dancing pumps. But there stands no record of domestic disturbance against that dainty dancer save her own divorce from the young manager who brought her

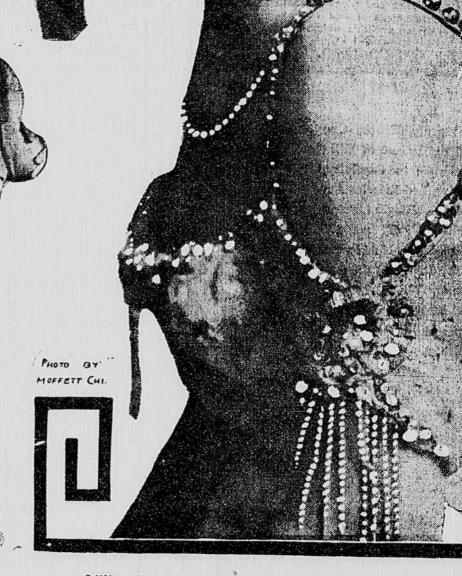
Dreams of Conquest Created

by the First Priestesses When

Men Still Lived in Caves

into fame as the Red Domino.

Not only in the kingdom of home, but in the wider realm of state have dancers ruled and overruled and dis-rupted. Lola Montez, reigned in Bavaria through the slavery of the King to her will. How Gaby Deslys. with the tip of her dainty toe, over turned the throne of Portugal and sent a kinglet as a mendicant suing for the favor of thrones is a story better known in this country



Lillian Lorraine, the Beautiful Disturber of Anna Held's

out of the kingdom and back to Paris. There followed a glacial atmosphere between their Majesties of Belgium that has continued, according to the court gossips, until the present day.

La Fornarina, the most beautiful dancer in Spain, attracted the roving and lively eye of her moneral. and lively eye of her monarch, King Alfonso. The Ministry, aiert to these adventures of that eye, and reading the portent of them in the light of the overturned throne of their neighbor Portugal, did not drive the most beauiful dancer from her own country. Nay, the Ministry was much too gallant for that. It paid a semi-official visit to La Fornarina. It deplored the fact that developments had made it unpleasant for La Fornarina to remain in Madrid.

"But Madrid is most delightfu!, especially now," La Fornarina sighed, deliciously. "I refer, of course, to the delightful climate of Madrid in the

Spring," she added, with a glance at a huge basket of red roses of a kind that grew only in the royal gardens. That was rendered unmistakable by the sashlike ribbon of the royal colors that encircled them.
"It will become less agreeable for

the beautiful Fornarina. Indeed, we regret it exceedingly, that we KNOW it will." The spokesman of the Ministry glanced out of the window of istry glanced out of the window of Fornarina's apartment at the palace. "It would be so much more pleasant, for example, if La Fornarina should show Paris the beautiful Castilian dances—barbarous Paris that has been content with the vulgar tango!"

La Fornarina's blue-veined lids lowered and veiled her eyes. She sighed. Then she smiled. That night she went to Paris. In Paris she has remained.

And then, of course, there was the justly famous Salome.

## How Running Makes You Sleepy

being able to go to sleep when you want to, and persistent insomnia is one of the greatest curses of man-kind. But many people suffer from insomnia from lack of knowing many

of the simple de-vices that have been used in the past to provoke sleep, and Sir James Sawyer, in a recent work, points out how valuable some

of these simple means have been. Few plans are more successful, he suggests, than that of running around the bed, particularly if the night be cold. It will be remembered that Charles Dickens, who was greatly afflicted with sleeplessness, declared that if he could lean on the bedsest in this attire in which he Few plans are more successful, he bedpost in thin attire in which he usually slept until he got chilled clear through, the return to a warm bed would produce a drowsiness that bed would produce a drowsiness that led him along the path of sleep. William Harvey, the discoverer of the circulation of the blood, was a be-liever in the circulation of the bed also. He declared that for sleepless-

HERE is nothing in the world ness nothing was better than to quite as exasperating as not jump out of bed suddenly, as though frightened, race around the bed with very little on, until the skin was cold and the body heated and then jump back to bed. Not only was the exercise good, he believed, but also the feeling that one was being withheld from going to bed caused a desire for it, which prepared the mind for sleep when once more lying down.

Of course such devices as a hop pillow are well known—both George Washington and the present King of England could testify to their use-fulness, and nightcaps—both of fabrics and liquids—have a soothing effect, externally and internally re spectively. But, when all is said and done, nothing so well conquers in-somnia as a sudden plunge out est somnia as a sudden plunge out bed into a cold room and a vigorous run around the bed or—if one be sure that others are asleep—up and down a corridor. Should the custom become prevalent, however, the halls of a large hotel might present a curi ous spectacle during the early hours of the morning. of the morning.